

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 1744.

Since our last arrived a Mail from Flanders.

Constantinople, August 15.



Here is Advice, that the Shah, in Person, had passed the River near Cars, with an Army of upwards of 150,000 Men, by which Motion he had cut off from the Turkish Army the Communication between Cars and Erzerum, and thrown that Army into great Consternation. Sari Mehmed Bashaw, Governor of Yence Calce in the Crimea, is ordered to pass over to Trebisond, to endeavour to pacify the Militia in those Parts, who were ready to revolt. The French Court has sent Orders for no Ships to go to, or return from the Levant, till October next. This Suspension is a terrible Blow to several of the Houses settled here and at Smyrna.

Venice, September 16. The Siege of Coni remains as great a Mystery as ever, to this Day; all our Letters from the Court of Turin say expressly, that it is not yet invested, and that the Allies have not begun to batter the Place; those from Reggio of the 9th of this Month confirm every Title of this. We have, however, other Letters from Turin, Novara, Milan, and even from the Foreign Ministers at Turin, which unanimously agree, that the Trenches were open'd before Coni on the 31st of August; and that, on the 3d Instant, they began to fire upon the Place from two Batteries. The War, in that Part of the World, had like to have ended at once. The Prince of Conti having Intelligence that the King of Sardinia had advanced to Racogni, decamped in the Night, in order to surprize him; and had done it effectually, if a Priest had not given the King of Sardinia Notice of his Approach, a bare half Hour before the Army of the Allies arriv'd in the Plain between Busca and Carmagnola. His Highness of Conti gave a Ball every Night to the Ladies at Saluces, during the three Days that his Army was encamped on the Po, and while his Sardinian Majesty was retired into the Neighbourhood of Staffard.

Vienna, September 16. On the 12th, in the Evening, an Express arriv'd from Prince Charles of Lorraine, with Advice, that his Highness was on the Road thither. On the 13th her Majesty, and the Grand Duke, assisted at the annual Procession, and *Te Deum*, for the raising the Siege of this Capital by the Turks, in the Year 1683. In the Afternoon they went in their Coach to Maria Brun, a Village two Leagues from hence; from whence they return'd about Seven in the Evening to Belfonte, with Prince Charles. The next Day there was grand Gala at Court, on account of its being the Birth-day of the Arch-Duchess Mary-Anne, Spouse to Prince Charles, who then enter'd into the 27th Year of her Age. The Court dined in publick. The Castle of Belfonte was illuminated in the Evening, and the Feast concluded with a grand Ball at Ten at Night. The same Day there was a great Conference, at which Prince Charles assisted. Yesterday her Majesty, and the two Princes, went to Hezendorff, dined with the Empress Dowager, and return'd in the Evening to Belfonte. We work with the utmost Diligence on the Fortifications of this City.

Frankfort, September 23. The News of the taking Prague, which we receiv'd by the last Post, was, the Day before Yesterday, confirm'd, by the Arrival of Count Wartenleben, Aid du Camp General to the King of Prussia; who enter'd this City with 24 Positions sounding their Horns. His Prussian Majesty, after leaving a sufficient Garrison in Prague, is march'd with the rest of his Army towards Tabor. Yesterday we sung *Te Deum* the second Time, upon this Occasion, under the Cannon of all our Ramparts. At Noon, his Imperial Majesty receiv'd the Compliments of all the Foreign Ministers. It is not certain, whether the Elector of Mentz, who has been here ever since the 20th in the Evening, *incognito*, complimented his Imperial Majesty also upon the same Occasion; but this is a notorious Truth, that the very same Day he paid a Visit to his Imperial Majesty, was extremely well receiv'd, and dined with him in publick. Yesterday the Elector was complimented on the Part of our Magistrates; it was expected that his Imperial Majesty would have returned his Visit, but, as yet, that has not happen'd; and his Electoral Highness is preparing to set out for Metz To-morrow.

Chateau de Aulain, Saturday, Sept. 19. This Day Intelligence having been received that there was at Templeuve French Parties, as also, in the Neighbourhood of Lanoy, two Detachments, of 400 Volunteers each, of the British Foot, were sent out, under the Command of two Lieut-

tenant-Colonels, about Nine at Night; and having marched to the Places where it was said the Parties were, they found they were all gone off.

Sunday, 20. A Detachment of 600 Horse, and 5000 Foot, of the whole Army, under the Command of Lieutenant-General Coenders, Majors General Sanduvile and Lastrow, and the Brigadiers Elias and Churchill, with six Pieces of Cannon, marched, and encamped at Monsen Pevele on the Right, and Orchies on the Left, where the Chain is to extend, in order to cover the general Forage the next Day, and keep in the Garisons of Lille and Douay, and oppose any Troops that might come from the Passages upon the Haute Deule.

Thursday, 24. This Day a Detachment of 600 Horse, 2000 Foot, and 100 of the Highland Regiment, from the whole Army, under the Command of Lieutenant-General Vanderduyn, Major-General Montigni, and the Brigadiers Vrybergen and the Earl of Crauford, marched to Mouchin, and encamped there, in order to cover a Forage of the British Troops the next Day. The Chain was formed from Mouchin on the Right, and extended, on the Left, towards the Schelle, near St. Amand.

Relation sent by the Earl of Holdernesse, his Majesty's Ambassador to the Republick of Venice, dated at Nurembourg, September 18, N. S.

Wednesday the 16th of September I arriv'd at Emiskirkin, two Posts from Nurembourg, from whence I dispatched one of my Domesticks with a Guide to have the Gates of that Town kept open. About a Quarter of a League from Farnbach, a Village where I was to take fresh Horses, another of my Domesticks, who was on Horseback at some Distance before my Coach, returned to me with two Hussars, by whom he had been stopp'd; one of them, who spoke a little French, told me, that he was in the Queen of Hungary's Service, and belonged to Prince Esterhazy's Regiment, under the Command of General Bernclau; that they were ordered to patrol upon that Road; and that they would go to the next Village to inform their Officer of my Arrival. At the Village of Farnbach I was inform'd, that these Hussars belonged to his Imperial Majesty; that they had taken Prisoner and searched the Messenger whom I had sent to Nurembourg; that they had a Post guarded by an Officer and 30 Men at a League's Distance; and that I should run the Risk of being plundered, if I advanc'd farther. Upon these Informations I determin'd to remain at Farnbach, till such Time as I could obtain an Escorte from Lieutenant-General Count de St. Germain, who commanded a large Detachment of Imperial Troops at some Leagues Distance. Whilst I was writing to this General, a Corporal and two Hussars came to me, and would have oblig'd me to go with them to the Quarters of their Commander in Chief, saying, they had Orders not to suffer any Austrians, English, or Hollanders to pass. I refused to go with them, proposing to them to send one of their Hussars, with the Person whom I had charg'd with my Letter, to their General, which they agreed to; and on Thursday the 17th, at Noon, an Officer brought me, by Order of the Count de St. Germain, the following Answer to my Letter.

S I R,

'Tho' the Emperor, my Master, is not at War with the King of Great Britain, yet as his Britannick Majesty is in Alliance with his Enemies, I cannot decide whether your Excellency is Prisoner of War or not. I desire your Excellency will be pleas'd to give a Reversal Letter, that, in Case you should be declared Prisoner of War, you will submit to that Condition. I have the Honour to send to your Excellency an Officer, who will cause every Thing to be returned that may have been taken, and escorte your Excellency to Nurembourg. I inclose a Passport that you may be secure the remaining Part of the Journey. I have the Honour to be, &c.

Signed

The Officer, whom the General sent to me, gave me to understand, that he had Orders to obtain from me a Reversal, such as his General demanded in the foregoing Letter. I represent'd to this Officer the Impossibility of making Prisoner the Minister of a Prince, who is not at War with the Emperor his Master. He return'd me no other Answer, but that he was oblig'd to obey the Orders which had been given him. I found myself therefore under a Necessity of signing the following Paper.

Having been arrested by the Troops of his Imperial Majesty, the Count de St. Germain has granted me his

Passport, on Condition, that if I am declared Prisoner of War by his Imperial Majesty, I should submit myself to that Condition. Declared and signed at Farnbach, this 17th of September, 1744. Thereupon he order'd my Servant to be set at Liberty, who had been, till that Time, kept Prisoner at Fiert, a Place at a League's Distance from Farnbach; and the Officer, with four Hussars, escorted me to Nurembourg.

Nurembourg, Sept. 18, 1744.

Holdernesse.

Brussels, Sept. 26. From the Preparations which are making at Metz, it is thought that the French will bombard Luxembourg before they go into Winter Quarters, and then form the Blockade of the Town, in order to besiege it in the Spring.

Ostend, September, 27. On Friday Evening, and Saturday Morning, a Party of French came upon the Canal of Ghent, about three Leagues above Bruges, and fired at the Centinels; which was returned by our People. This alarmed the whole Line along the Canal; but upon the Guards coming up, the Enemy retired. The heavy Baggage of the Confederate Army came into Ghent Yesterday.

Hague, Sept. 25. We hear from Cleves, that the Prussians in that Duchy have lately been alarmed with the Apprehension of an Incurion of a Body of Austrians; and that the publick Offices had been, thereupon, removed from Cleves to Wesel; and all the Inhabitants of the open Country were retiring, with their Effects, either into that Town, or the Territories of the States General.

Hague, Sept. 29. We have Advices from Dresden; which confirm the March of the Saxon Corps, commanded by the Duke of Saxe Weissenfels. We hear from Flanders, that the Allied Army was to make a Motion, as this Day, towards the Lys.

General Post-Office, London, September 14, 1744.

Whereas a Term of Six Months was allowed, by the 19th Article of the Treaty of Utrecht, between Great-Britain and France, for the Subjects of both Crowns, in Case of a Rupture, to withdraw their Effects out of the respective Kingdoms; and whereas the said Term of Six Months, computing from the Time of the Declaration of War between his Majesty and the French King, is now near expired: Publick Notice is hereby given to all manner of Persons, whom it may concern, that no Packet Boat whatsoever, will be permitted to sail between Dover and Calais, from and after the 30th of this Instant, September, O. S. and that a Stop will, thenceforwards, be put to the Communication and Correspondence hitherto allowed of, by Means of the said Packet Boats.

By Command of the Post-Master General, George Shelvocke, Secretary.

General Post-Office, London, Sept. 23, 1744.

POST CHAISES, Between London and Portsmouth, by the Way of Hartfordbridge.

THIS is to acquaint the Publick, That the several Post-Masters, on the Road between London and Portsmouth, are ready to furnish Gentlemen, or others, with Post-Chaises, safe, easy, and well-secured from the Weather, upon as short a Warning as for Post-Horses, at any Hour, either of the Day or Night. Gentlemen who have Occasion to go Post on the above Roads, are desired to apply to Mr. William Miller, Post-Master, at the White Bear in Piccadilly.

A Post-Chaise may be had at any of the Stages on the Portsmouth Road, to go Part, or all the Way, for one or more Stages, for those who do not chuse to travel in the Night.

N. B. All Gentlemen that travel in Post-Chaises of their own, upon the Roads where Post-Chaises are already set up by the Authority of this Office, may be supplied with Horses at the several Stages on those Roads, at the Rate of Ninepence per Mile.

By Command of the Post-Master General, George Shelvocke, Secretary.

HOME PORTS.

Portsmouth, September 21. Yesterday came to Spithead his Majesty's Ships the Princess Amelia, Sir William Hewitt, Commander; the Sutherland, Capt. Pocock, and several Merchant Ships from the Downs.

Dover, September 21. The Cutter mentioned Yesterday sent her Prize in here; she is a French Dogger about

90 Tons, in Ballast, bound from Calais for Dieppe; when she took this Dogger, she ran another on Shore on the Coast of France; the Cutter has the Queen of Hungary's Commission.

Deal September 21. Wind S. Yesterday Afternoon his Majesty's Ship the Shoreham, and the Boston, Calcott, for Jamaica, failed to the Westward, but put back again this Morning, with the Winchester, and remain with the Merlin Sloop.

Deal, September 22. Wind S. S. E. Came down, and failed, the Mary, Martin, for Philadelphia; and a Ship for Leghorn. Arriv'd his Majesty's Ship Success, and the Otter Sloop, from a Cruise. His Majesty's Ship Shoreham, and the Otter Sloop, are under Sail for the Westward; with the Boston, Calcott, for Jamaica; the Pelham, Tomlinson, for Mahon. Remain the Winchester and Success Men of War, and Merlin Sloop.

L O N D O N.

According to Letters from Frankfort, of the 24th Inst. his Imperial Majesty returned the Elector of Mentz's Visit, at Five in the Evening, the Day before; and the Elector set out the next Morning for his Residence.

According to some private Letters from the Hague, the Baron de Reichbach, her Hungarian Majesty's Minister, notified to the States General, the March of 20,000 Saxon Troops into Bohemia.

Another Danish East India Ship, very richly laden, arrived on the 20th of September, N. S. in the Port of Copenhagen.

We have an Account from Berlin, that his Prussian Majesty has been pleased to promote Eleven private Men to the Rank of Lieutenants, for extraordinary Acts of Service at the Siege of Prague; and that he had ordered 50 Ducats to be distributed to each Battalion in actual Service there.

According to private Letters from Paris, the Tuilleries are furnishing for the Reception of the French King, who proposes to spend some Days in that City, on his Return from Metz.

The last Flanders Mail brings us certain Intelligence, that the first Column of the French Troops from Alsace, actually arriv'd on the 25th at Mauberge.

M. Noailles is appointed, by the French King, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs; and is to have under him Messieurs de Chavigny and de Thell; the latter is appointed Secretary of the Cabinet to the Dauphine, with a Salary of 6000 Livres.

Last Saturday died, at his House in the Broad Sanctuary, Westminster, after a tedious Indisposition, Mr. Richard Tagg, an eminent Surgeon.

Yesterday Morning Cape Hanbury, Esq; Member of Parliament for Leominster, with his Lady, set out from their House in Privy Garden, for his Seat in Monmouthshire.

This Day 31 Days Subsistence will be issued out at the Pay Office, Whitehall, to his Majesty's Forces; viz. from the 24th of September to the 24th of October, 1744, inclusive.

Last Saturday a Gentleman was flung from his Horse, near Acton, and kill'd on the Spot, but his Name we cannot learn; he had in his Pocket a Gold Watch, and several other Things of great Value.

B A N K R U P T.

John Hewitt, of Aldersgate-street, London, Soap-Maker.

High Water this Day	Morning	Evening
at London-Bridge.	01 34	01 58

Bank Stock, Nothing done. India, Nothing done. South Sea, Nothing done. Old Annuity, 111 5-8ths. New ditto, 110 1-4th to 3-8ths. Three per Cent. 93. Ditto 1743, 92 3-4ths. Ditto 1744, 92 7-8ths. Seven per Cent. Loan, Nothing done. Five per Cent. ditto, Nothing done. Royal Assurance, 117. London Assurance, 11 1-4th. India Bonds, 2 1/2 19 s. to 18 s. Bank Circulation, 6 1/2 s. Prem. Six Tallies, Nothing done. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders, Nothing done. Three per Cent. ditto, Nothing done. Million Bank, 117. Equivalent, 110. Tickets, 111. 2 s. 6 d.

U N I O N F I R E O F F I C E.

THE Directors of the Union Society for Insuring Goods and Merchandise from Loss by Fire, give Notice, That the Half-yearly general Meeting of the Members of the said Society, for the Choice of Directors for the Year ensuing, will be held by Ballotting, at their Office in Gutter-lane, Cheap-side, on Tuesday the 25th Day of this Instant September, from Nine o'Clock in the Forenoon to Six in the Evening; and that the said general Meeting will be continued, by Adjournment, till Wednesday, the Day following, at Three in the Afternoon; where all who are Insured in the said Office, are desired to be present.

This Day is Published,
[Price One Shilling]
NUMBER II. For August,
(To be continued Monthly)

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an impartial Review of the most remarkable Occurrences of the World, particularly of Europe. Collected from the most authentic Papers published by the several Courts of Europe, as well as from private Intelligence.

N. B. As this Journal (intermixed with the Interests of Princes) is intended to be a Repository of Facts, free from the Misrepresentations, Contradictions, and Follies found in the current Adverses; it is hoped, that it will meet with the Approbation of all Lovers of Truth; such especially, as not having Leisure, or Inclination to peruse the numberless Accounts published daily, are yet desirous of being inform'd exactly of all Transactions relating to the Political World, in order to be able to reason justly upon them.

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III. THE LIFE OF SEXTIUS. Written by the Abbot Terafon, one of the Members of the French Academy, as also of the Royal Academy of Sciences at Paris. Translated from the French by THOMAS LEDIARD, Esq; 2 Vols. 8vo. Price 10 s.

By Order of the Lord Keeper of the Seals, I have read a Manuscript, intitled, The Life of SEXTIUS: This Work, which contains excellent Lessons of the most refined Morality, and is full of solid and the most extensive Learning, cannot fail of being equally instructive and entertaining. Paris, Jan 29, 1731.

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HENRY FETTER, D. D. in his Dissertation on the Classics, p. 216.

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But the great Reputation these famous and pleasant Chymical Drops have so universally gain'd among Persons of Eminence for their suddenly and infallibly curing the Scurvy and all Scurvick Humours, and other Chronic Diseases, in such an easy and agreeable Manner, have occasioned many to imitate them, under the same, and others under other Names: Be careful therefore not to be deceiv'd; but be sure to have the Right, which by the Author's special Appointment, are to be had only at the Gentlewoman's, at the Two Blue Posts, in Haydon-Yard, in the City, noris. at 2 s. 6 d. a Bottle, with Directions.